What is claimed is:

1. (amended) A method to produce water soluble carbohydrates from lignocellulose, which comprises:

providing lignocellulose containing cellulose and

providing enzymes [to said cellulose], and

providing a membrane [ to divide a filtrate], and

combining [the extractate, from a previous extraction, with] said lignocellulose containing cellulose with enzymes, and

[subjecting] <u>hydrolyzing</u>, [said] cellulose [contained in] <u>within</u> lignocellulose, [to hydrolysis,] at a pH of about 5, to produce water soluble carbohydrates and a lignin residue, and conveying said lignin residue from hydrolysis, and

filtering said <u>lignin</u> residue [containing lignins from said water soluble carbohydrates containing enzymes] to produce a filtrate and a filtered residue, and

extracting [the] <u>said</u> filtered residue with water [containing lignins with water to substantially extract water soluble carbohydrates from the residue] to produce [a] water extracted residue and an extractate [for recycle], and

combining said extractate, with said lignocellulose, and

dividing said filtrate with said membrane, to provide enzymes and a solution of water soluble carbohydrates and

combining enzymes, derived from said membrane, with cellulose within lignocellulose
[providing enzymes. derived from said membrane, to cellulose within said lignocellulose
employing said membrane to substantially divide said filtrate containing water soluble carbohydrates
and enzymes to provide water soluble carbohydrates substantially devoid of enzymes and provide
enzymes for hydrolysis of cellulose contained in said lignocellulose] thereby water soluble
carbohydrates substantially devoid of enzymes are formed from lignocellulose and a residue containing
lignins substantially devoid of water soluble carbohydrates is formed.

- 5. (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] lignocellulose is [obtained from biomass] selected from the group consisting of wood, waste paper and municipal solid waste including an individual or a combination thereof.
- 7 (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] enzymes are selected from the group consisting of cellulase, glucanhydrolase and, cellobiohydrolase including an individual or a combination thereof.

- 10. (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] water soluble carbohydrates contain glucose.
- 11. (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] water soluble carbohydrates, derived by hydrolysis of lignocellulose, contain glucose polymers.
- 12. (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] water soluble carbohydrates, derived by hydrolysis of lignocellulose, contain cellodextrins.
- 13. (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] enzymes derived from ultrafiltration are recycled to provide enzymes to [said] cellulose contained in a lignocellulose.
- 14. (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] water soluble carbohydrates, derived by hydrolysis of lignocellulose, containing enzymes are absorbed by cellulose to provide absorbed enzymes for hydrolysis of cellulose contained in a lignocellulose.
- 15. (amended) The method of claim 1 wherein [said] water soluble carbohydrates, derived by hydrolysis of lignocellulose, are subjected to hydrolysis to form glucose.

In conclusion, teachings of the prior art are inapplicable to the currently amended claim 1.

It is expected that, upon examination of these explanations, all claims will be allowed by the examiner.

A separate copy of the claims is submitted, according to 37 CFR 1.21, (two pages) are included.

Very respectfully,

Gene E. Lightner

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